# Sterile Neutrino Mixing NOW and in the Next 10+ Years Carlo Giunti

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# Indications of SBL Oscillations Beyond $3\nu$

LSND

[PRL 75 (1995) 2650; PRC 54 (1996) 2685; PRL 77 (1996) 3082; PRD 64 (2001) 112007]

 $ar{
u}_{\mu} 
ightarrow ar{
u}_{m{e}}$  20 MeV  $\leq E \leq$  60 MeV



► Well-known source of  $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$   $\mu^{+}$  at rest  $\rightarrow e^{+} + \nu_{e} + \bar{\nu}_{\mu}$   $L \simeq 30 \text{ m}$  $\bar{\nu}_{e} + p \rightarrow n + e^{+}$ 

Well-known detection process of  $\bar{\nu}_e$ 

• But signal not seen by KARMEN at  $L \simeq 18$  m with the same method [PRD 65 (2002) 112001]

 $pprox 3.8\sigma \; ext{excess} \qquad \Delta m^2_{ ext{SBL}} \gtrsim 0.2 \, ext{eV}^2 \gg \Delta m^2_{ ext{ATM}} \gg \Delta m^2_{ ext{SOL}}$ 

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### **Gallium Anomaly**

Gallium Radioactive Source Experiments: GALLEX and SAGE  $e^{-} + {}^{51}\text{Cr} \rightarrow {}^{51}\text{V} + \nu_e$   $e^{-} + {}^{37}\text{Ar} \rightarrow {}^{37}\text{Cl} + \nu_e$  $\nu_e$  Sources:  $E \simeq 0.81 \,\mathrm{MeV}$  $F \sim 0.75 \,\mathrm{MeV}$  $\nu_{a}$   $\stackrel{71}{\leftarrow}$   $^{71}$ Ga  $\rightarrow$   $^{71}$ Ge +  $e^{-1}$ Test of Solar  $\nu_e$  Detection:  $\langle L \rangle_{\text{GALLEX}} = 1.9 \,\text{m}$ Ξ GALLEX SAGE Cr1  $\langle L \rangle_{\text{SAGE}} = 0.6 \,\mathrm{m}$ 2  $R = N_{exp}/N_{cal}$ GALLEX SAGE  $\approx 2.9\sigma$  deficit Cr2 Ar 0.9  $\Delta m_{\rm SBL}^2 \gtrsim 1 \, {\rm eV}^2 \gg \Delta m_{\rm ATM}^2 \gg \Delta m_{\rm SOL}^2$ 8.0 [SAGE, PRC 73 (2006) 045805; PRC 80 (2009) 015807]  $\overline{R} = 0.84 \pm 0.05$ [Laveder et al, Nucl.Phys.Proc.Suppl, 168 (2007) 344; 0.7 MPLA 22 (2007) 2499; PRD 78 (2008) 073009; PRC 83 (2011) 065504] ▶  ${}^{3}$ He +  ${}^{71}$ Ga  $\rightarrow$   ${}^{71}$ Ge +  ${}^{3}$ H cross section measurement [Frekers et al., PLB 706 (2011) 134]

•  $E_{\rm th}(\nu_e + {}^{71}{\rm Ga} \rightarrow {}^{71}{\rm Ge} + e^-) = 233.5 \pm 1.2 \,{\rm keV}$ 

[Frekers et al., PLB 722 (2013) 233]

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### **Reactor Electron Antineutrino Anomaly**

[Mention et al, PRD 83 (2011) 073006]



# Effective 3+1 SBL Oscillation Probabilities



### **Global** $\nu_e$ and $\bar{\nu}_e$ **Disappearance**



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### The Race for $\nu_e$ and $\bar{\nu}_e$ Disappearance



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# NEOS@ICHEP2016

#### $(\sin^2 2\theta_{14}, \Delta m^2_{41} [eV^2])$ ----- (0.0) (0 142 2 32 0.055, 1.35 Data / (H-M) 0.9 ---- (0.0) Data / (H-M + excess fit) ---- (0.142, 2.32) (0.039, 1.73) 0.9 5 Prompt Energy [MeV] ∆ m<sup>2</sup><sub>41</sub> [eV<sup>2</sup>] Reactor anomaly 90% 95% 99% NEOS Sensitivity ····· 95% CL 0.5 years data. 10-1 S/N~6, o/E = 6% at 1MeV 10-2 10-1 $sin^2 2\theta_{14}$

### **NEOS Preliminary**

		H-M w/o bump	H-M w bump fit	
	null	33.1	59.1	
<b>(</b> 2	minimum	25.5	47.9	
	anomaly best fit	52.3	111	
NDOF		38	67	
χ² minimum at		(0.055, 1.35 eV <sup>2</sup> )	(0.039, 1.73 eV <sup>2</sup> )	
	significance	2.00σ	2.68σ	



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# Our Analysis of NEOS@ICHEP2016 Spectrum

[CG & Marco Laveder] 1.10 JEOS Spectrum 68.27% CL (1g) 95.45% CL (2g) 99 73% CL (3σ) 1.06 1.02 ∆m<sup>2</sup><sub>41</sub> [eV<sup>2</sup>] data / (H-M) 0.98 0.94 Best Fit:  $\Delta m_{41}^2 = 2.2 \text{ eV}^2$ ,  $\sin^2 2\vartheta_{ee} = 0.19$ 0.90  $10^{-1}$ 20 5.0 7.0 8.0 1.0 3.0 40 60  $10^{-2}$  $10^{-1}$ Prompt Energy [MeV]  $sin^2 2\vartheta_{ee}$ 

- We did not use the NEOS spectrum data in the 5 MeV bump region.
- The calculated spectrum may need corrections also elsewhere.
- To be safe we added 5% uncorrelated uncertainties to all the bins.
- We fitted the NEOS spectrum with a free normalization constant determined by the fit.

• 
$$\chi^2_{null} - \chi^2_{osc} = 3.44$$
 ( $\approx 1.3\sigma$ )

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## Reactor Rates + Bugey-3 and NEOS Spectra



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# $ar{ u}_{\mu} ightarrow ar{ u}_{e}$ and $u_{\mu} ightarrow u_{e}$ Appearance



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# $\nu_{\mu}$ and $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$ Disappearance



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### 3+1 Appearance-Disappearance Tension



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# MiniBooNE Low-Energy Anomaly



- Fit of MB Low-Energy Excess requires small  $\Delta m_{41}^2$  and large  $\sin^2 2\vartheta_{e\mu}$ , in contradiction with disappearance data
- ▶ MB low-energy excess is the main cause of bad APP-DIS  $GoF_{PG} = 0.06\%$
- Multinucleon effects in neutrino energy reconstruction are not enough to solve the problem [Martini et al, PRD 85 (2012) 093012; PRD 87 (2013) 013009; PRD 93 (2016) 073008]
- Pragmatic Approach: discard the Low-Energy Excess because it is likely not due to oscillations
   [CG, Laveder, Li, Long, PRD 88 (2013) 073008]
- MicroBooNE is crucial for checking the MiniBooNE Low-Energy Anomaly and the consistency of different short-baseline data

### **Global** $\rightarrow$ **Pragmatic**



- APP-GLO: all MiniBooNE data
- ▶ APP-PrGLO: only MiniBooNE E > 475 MeV data (Pragmatic)

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## Pragmatic Global 3+1 Fit

Update of [Gariazzo, CG, Laveder, Li, Zavanin, JPG 43 (2016) 033001]



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### SBL + IceCube

[Collin, Arguelles, Conrad, Shaevitz, arXiv:1607.00011]



Red: 90% CL

Blue: 99% CL

3+1	$\Delta m_{41}^2$	$ U_{e4} $	$ U_{\mu4} $	$ U_{\tau 4} $	$N_{bins}$	$\chi^2_{ m min}$	$\chi^2_{ m null}$	$\Delta \chi^2 \ (\mathrm{dof})$
SBL	1.75	0.163	0.117	-	315	306.81	359.15	52.34(3)
SBL+IC	1.75	0.164	0.119	0.00	524	518.59	568.84	50.26(4)
IC	5.62	-	0.314	-	209	207.11	209.69	2.58(2)

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### The Race for the Light Sterile



#### Effects of light sterile neutrinos should also be seen in:

#### • $\beta$ Decay Experiments

[Hannestad et al, JCAP 1102 (2011) 011, PRC 84 (2011) 045503; Formaggio, Barrett, PLB 706 (2011) 68; Esmaili, Peres, PRD 85 (2012) 117301; Gastaldo et al, JHEP 1606 (2016) 061]

#### Neutrinoless Double-β Decay Experiments

[Rodejohann et al, JHEP 1107 (2011) 091; Li, Liu, PLB 706 (2012) 406; Meroni et al, JHEP 1311 (2013) 146, PRD 90 (2014) 053002; Pascoli et al, PRD 90 (2014) 093005; CG, Zavanin, JHEP 1507 (2015) 171; Guzowski et al, PRD 92 (2015) 012002]

#### Long-baseline Neutrino Oscillation Experiments

[de Gouvea et al, PRD 91 (2015) 053005, PRD 92 (2015) 073012, arXiv:1605.09376; Palazzo et al, PRD 91 (2015) 073017, PLB 757 (2016) 142, arXiv:1601.05995, arXiv:1603.03759, arXiv:1605.04299; Gandhi et al, JHEP 1511 (2015) 039; Pant et al, arXiv:1509.04096, Choubey, Pramanik, arXiv:1604.04731]

#### Solar neutrinos

[Dooling et al, PRD 61 (2000) 073011, Gonzalez-Garcia et al, PRD 62 (2000) 013005; Palazzo, PRD 83 (2011) 113013, PRD 85 (2012) 077301; Li et al, PRD 80 (2009) 113007, PRD 87, 113004 (2013), JHEP 1308 (2013) 056; Kopp et al, JHEP 1305 (2013) 050]

#### Atmospheric neutrinos

[Goswami, PRD 55 (1997) 2931; Bilenky et al, PRD 60 (1999) 073007; Maltoni et al, NPB 643 (2002) 321, PRD 67 (2003) 013011; Choubey, JHEP 0712 (2007) 014; Razzaque, Smirnov, JHEP 1107 (2011) 084, PRD 85 (2012) 093010; Gandhi, Ghoshal, PRD 86 (2012) 037301; Barger et al, PRD 85 (2012) 011302; Esmaili et al, JCAP 1211 (2012) 041, JCAP 1307 (2013) 048, JHEP 1312 (2013) 014; Rajpoot et al, EPJC 74 (2014) 2936; Lindner et al, JHEP 1601 (2016) 124; Behera et al, arXiv:1605.08607]

#### Supernova neutrinos

[Caldwell, Fuller, Qian, PRD 61 (2000) 123005; Peres, Smirnov, NPB 599 (2001); Sorel, Conrad, PRD 66 (2002) 033009; Tamborra et al, JCAP 1201 (2012) 013; Wu et al, PRD 89 (2014) 061303; Esmaili et al, PRD 90 (2014) 033013]

#### Cosmic neutrinos

[Cirelli et al, NPB 708 (2005) 215; Donini, Yasuda, arXiv:0806.3029; Barry et al, PRD 83 (2011) 113012]

#### Indirect dark matter detection [Esmaili, Peres, JCAP 1205 (2012) 002]

Cosmology [see: Wong, ARNPS 61 (2011) 69; Archidiacono et al, AHEP 2013 (2013) 191047]

# Effective 3+1 LBL Oscillation Probabilities

[de Gouvea et al, PRD 91 (2015) 053005, PRD 92 (2015) 073012, arXiv:1605.09376; Palazzo et al, PRD 91 (2015) 073017, PLB 757 (2016) 142, arXiv:1601.05995, arXiv:1603.03759, arXiv:1605.04299; Gandhi et al, JHEP 1511 (2015) 039]

$$\begin{aligned} |U_{e3}| &\simeq \sin \vartheta_{13} \simeq 0.15 \sim \varepsilon \implies \varepsilon^2 \sim 0.03 \\ |U_{e4}| &\simeq \sin \vartheta_{14} \simeq 0.17 \sim \varepsilon \\ |U_{\mu4}| &\simeq \sin \vartheta_{24} \simeq 0.11 \sim \varepsilon \\ \alpha &\equiv \frac{\Delta m_{21}^2}{|\Delta m_{31}^2|} \simeq \frac{7 \times 10^{-5}}{2.4 \times 10^{-3}} \simeq 0.031 \sim \varepsilon^2 \end{aligned}$$

At order  $\varepsilon^3$ : [Klop, Palazzo, PRD 91 (2015) 073017]  $\Delta_{kj} \equiv \Delta m_{kj}^2 L/4E$   $P_{\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e}^{\text{LBL}} \simeq 4 \sin^2 \vartheta_{13} \sin^2 \vartheta_{23} \sin^2 \Delta_{31} \sim \varepsilon^2$   $+2 \sin \vartheta_{13} \sin 2\vartheta_{12} \sin 2\vartheta_{23} (\alpha \Delta_{31}) \sin \Delta_{31} \cos(\Delta_{32} + \delta_{13}) \sim \varepsilon^3$  $+4 \sin \vartheta_{13} \sin \vartheta_{14} \sin \vartheta_{24} \sin \vartheta_{23} \sin \Delta_{31} \sin(\Delta_{31} + \delta_{13} - \delta_{14}) \sim \varepsilon^3$ 

# **CP Violation in T2K and NO** $\nu$ **A**



Inverted Ordering: Better agreement of LBL & Reactors for  $\delta_{14} \approx -\pi/2$ 

# **Conclusions**

- Exciting indications of light sterile neutrinos at the eV scale:
  - LSND  $\bar{\nu}_{\mu} \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_{e}$  signal.
  - Gallium  $\nu_e$  disappearance.
  - Reactor  $\bar{\nu}_e$  disappearance.
- ► Vigorous experimental program to check conclusively in a few years:
  - $\nu_e$  and  $\bar{\nu}_e$  disappearance with reactors and radioactive sources.
  - $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{e}$  transitions with accelerator neutrinos.
  - $\blacktriangleright~\nu_{\mu}$  disappearance with accelerator neutrinos.
- Possibilities for the next 10+ years:
  - ► Reactor and source experiments  $\nu_e$  and  $\bar{\nu}_e$  observe SBL oscillations: big excitement and explosion of the field.
  - Because of 5 MeV bump we know that the calculated spectrum must be corrected: oscillations must be observed as a function of distance!
  - Otherwise: still marginal interest to check the LSND appearance signal.
  - In any case the possibility of the existence of sterile neutrinos related to New Physics beyond the Standard Model will continue to be studied (e.g keV sterile neutrinos: see the talk by A. Merle).
  - Sterile neutrinos will always be allowed at all mass scales below the existing mixing bounds.